

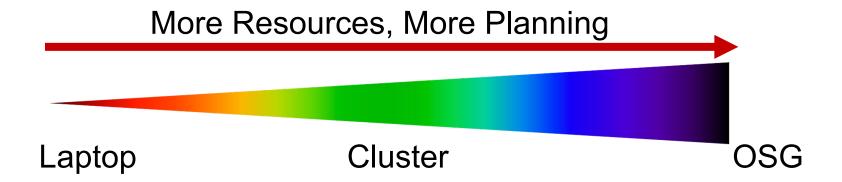
Handling Data on OSG

Tuesday, July 21
Carrie Brown (carrie.brown@unl.edu)



Like all things

I always think of HTC/OSG usage as a spectrum:





Planning?

 Can't control a cluster like your laptop, where you can install any software and place files (until they flat-out don't fit)

 OSG: heterogeneity, borrowed resources (including network and disk), lack of on-the-fly troubleshooting



Benefits!

 On a cluster & OSG you can access 1000+ cores!

 Automate job tasks (with HTCondor)!

Doesn't burn up your laptop!





Handling Data on OSG

- Overview / Things to Consider
- HTCondor File Transfer
- Web Proxy
- Stash
- Shared File Systems



What is big large data?

- In reality, "big data" is relative
 - What is 'big' for you? Why?

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What is big large data?

- In reality, "big data" is relative
 - What is 'big' for you? Why?

- Volume, velocity, variety!
 - think: a million 1-KB files, versus one 1-TB file



Data Management Tips

- Determine your per-job needs
 - minimize per-job data needs
- Determine your batch needs
- Leverage HTCondor and OSG data handling features!



Determining In-Job Needs

- "Input" includes any files needed for the job to run
 - executable
 - transfer_input_files
 - data and software
- "Output" includes any files produced for the job that need to come back
 - output, error



First! Try to minimize your data

- split large input for better throughput
- eliminate unnecessary data
- file compression and consolidation
 - job input: prior to job submission
 - job output: prior to end of job
 - moving data between your laptop and the submit server

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'Large' data: The collaborator analogy

What method would you use to send data to a collaborator?

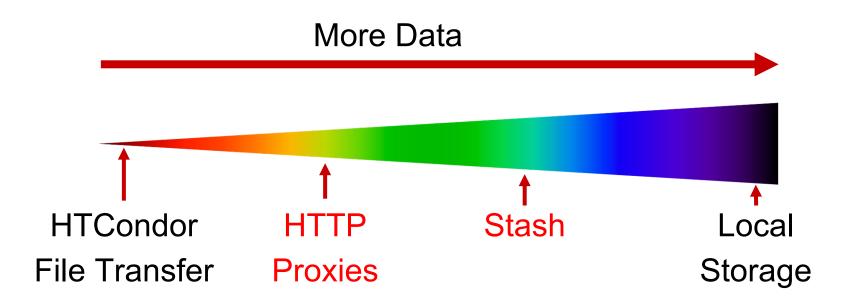
| amount | method of delivery |
|--------------|---|
| words | email body |
| tiny – 100MB | email attachment (managed transfer) |
| 100MB – GBs | download from Google Drive, Drop/Box, other web- accessible repository |
| TBs | ship an external drive (local copy needed) |

Never underestimate the bandwidth of a station wagon full of tapes hurtling down the highway.

Andrew S. Tanenbaum (1981) – Professor Emeritus, Vrije Universiteit Amsterdam

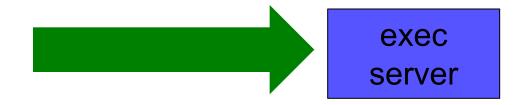


Transfers





Large input in HTC and OSG



| file size | method of delivery |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| words | within executable or arguments? |
| tiny – 100MB per file | HTCondor file transfer (up to 1GB total per job) |
| 100MB – 1GB, shared | download from web server (local caching) |
| 100MB – 20GB, unique or shared | Stash (regional replication) |
| 20 GB – TBs | shared file system (local copy, local execute servers) |

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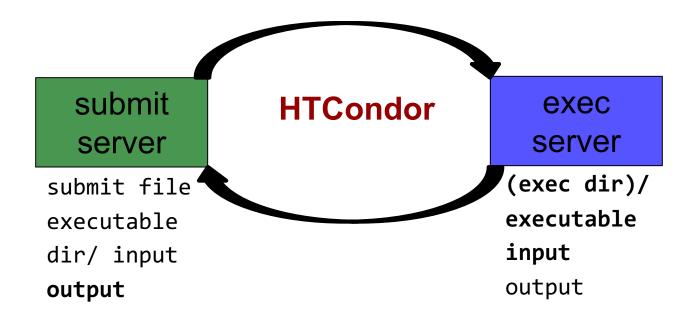


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- Shared File Systems and Other Options

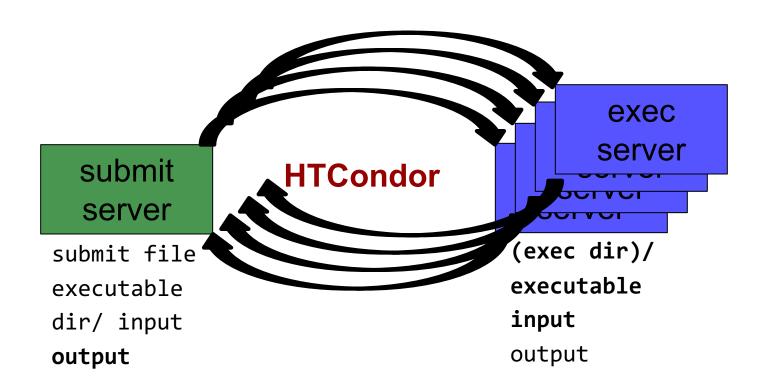


Review: HTCondor Data Handling



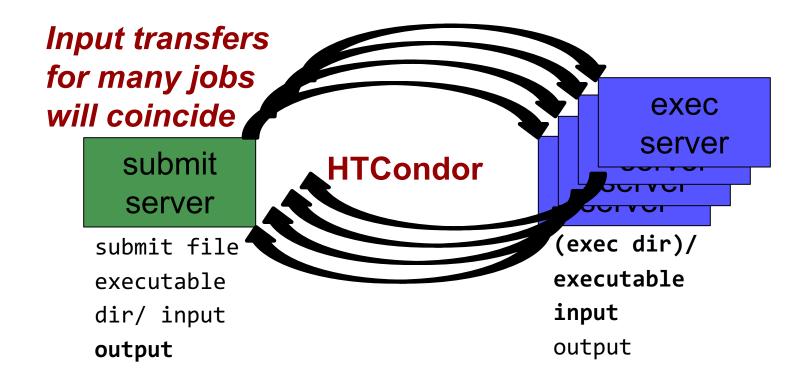


Network bottleneck: the submit server



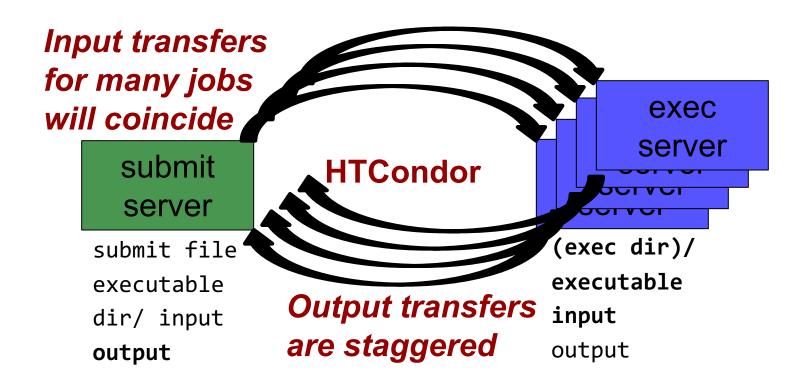


Network bottleneck: the submit server



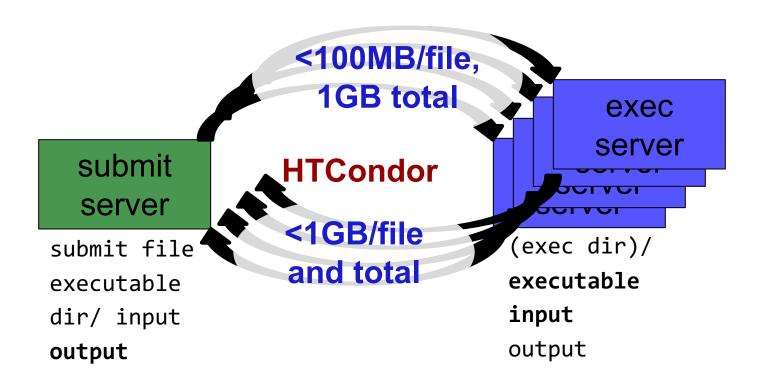


Network bottleneck: the submit server





Hardware transfer limits



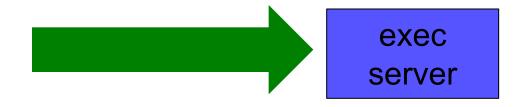


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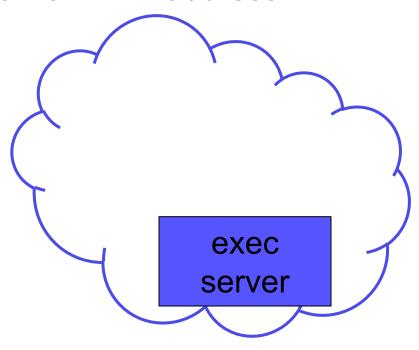
2



- Place the file onto a local, proxy-configured web server
- Have HTCondor download via HTTP address

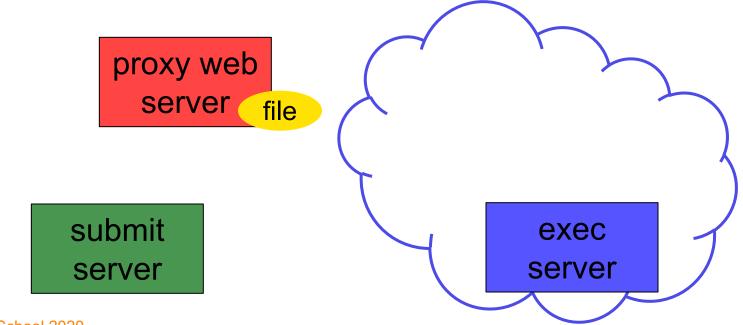
proxy web server

submit server



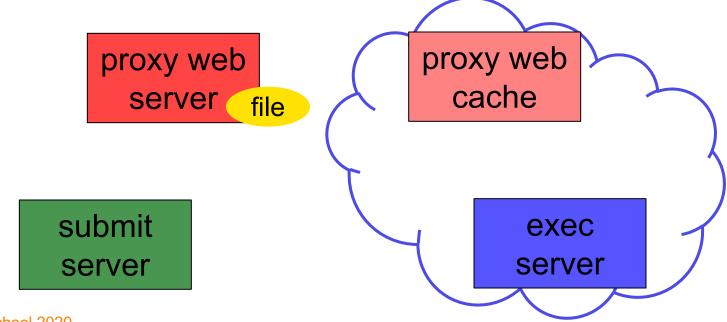


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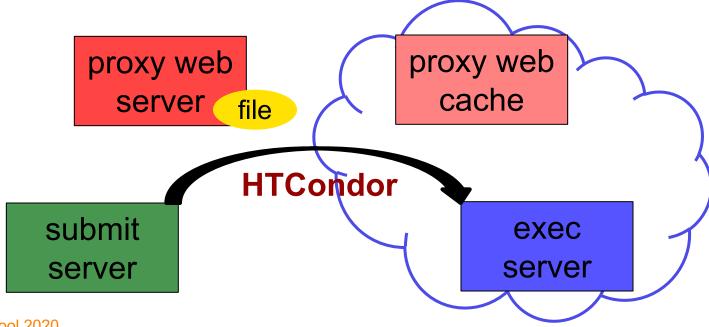


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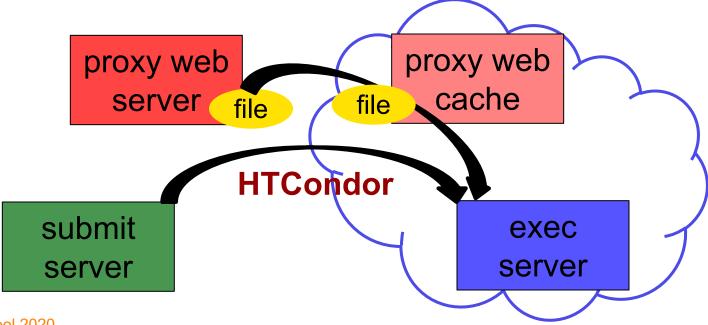
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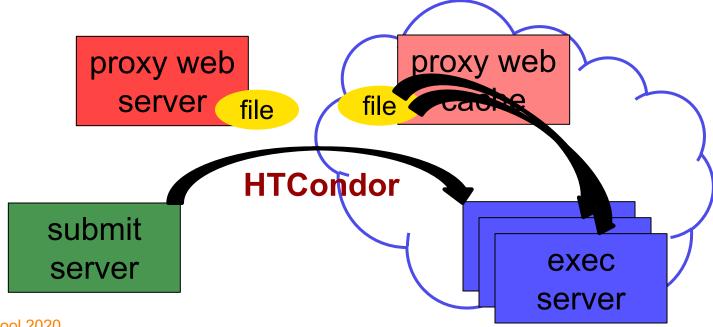
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- Place the file onto a proxy-configured web server
- Have HTCondor download via HTTP address





Downloading HTTP Files

HTCondor submit file:

```
transfer_input_files=http://host.univ.edu/path/to/shared.tar.gz
```

 Virtually any host or existing web server but ensure multiple downloads are permissible.



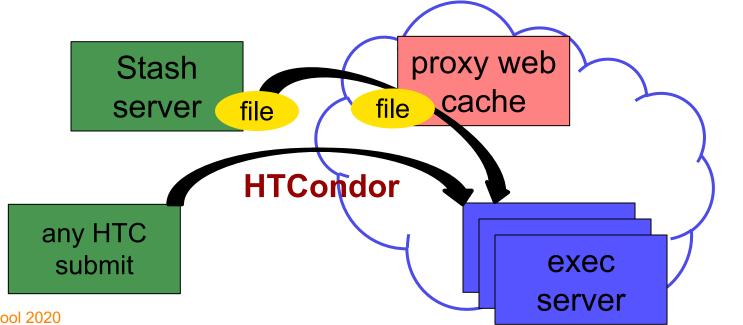
Web Proxy Considerations

- Memory limited, max file size: 1 GB
- Local caching at OSG sites
 - good for *shared* input files
 - perfect for software and common input
 - renaming changed files recommended
- Files are downloadable by ANYONE who has the specific HTTP address
 - Will work on 100% of OSG sites, though not all sites will have a local cache



In the OSG (Ex. 2.1)

- place files in /public/username/
- address: http://stash.osgconnect.net/public/user/shared.tar.gz



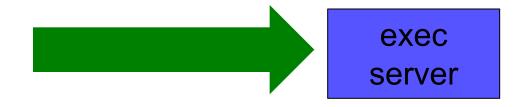


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Using Stash for Input

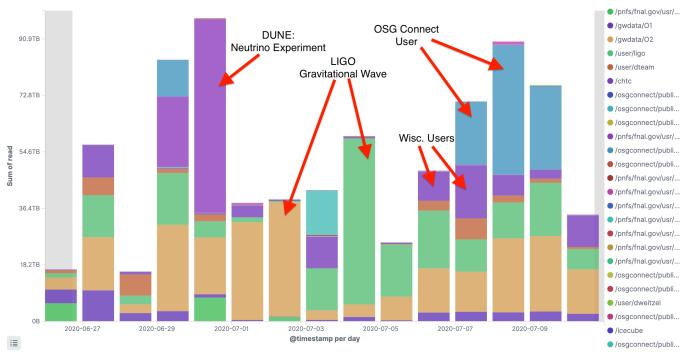
regionally-cached repository managed by OSG Connect





Stash Usage on OSG

Lots of experiments use Stash





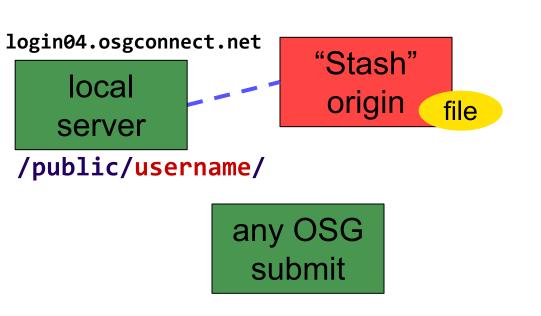
Stash Considerations

- Available at ~90% of OSG sites
- Regional caches on very fast networks
 - Recommended max file size: 20 GB
 - shared OR <u>unique</u> data
- Can copy multiple files totaling >10GB
- Just like HTTP proxy, change name when update files

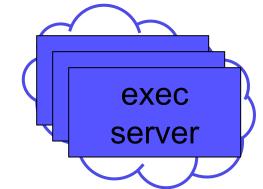


Placing Files in Stash

• Place files in /public/username/ on osgconnect.net



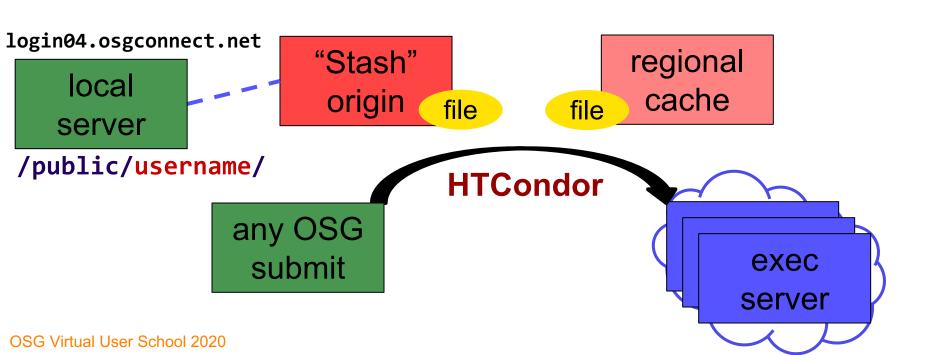
regional cache





Obtaining Files in Stash

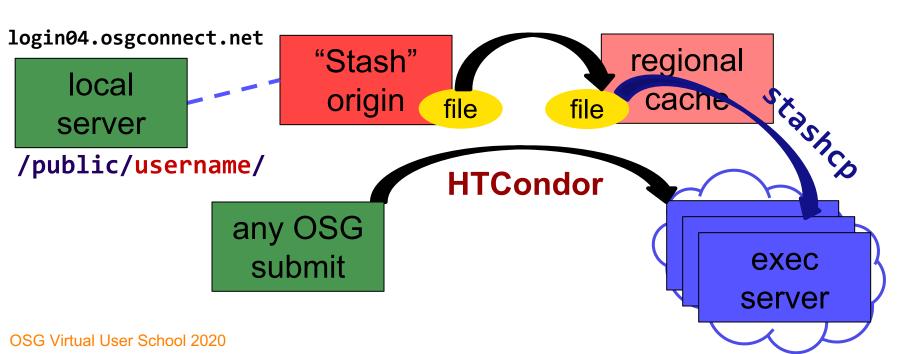
Use HTCondor transfer for other files





Obtaining Files in Stash

Download using stashcp command (available as an OASIS software module)





In the Submit File

Require StashCashe sites in the submit file
 +WantsStashCache = true

Require sites with OASIS modules (for stashcp)
 Requirements = <OTHER REQUIREMENTS>
 && (HAS_MODULES =?= true)



In the Job Executable

```
#!/bin/bash
# setup:
module load stashcache
stashcp /public/username/file.tar.gz ./
<untar, then remove the tarball>
<job commands>
<remove all files from Stash>
# END
```



What's Different for Output?

- always unique (right?), so caching won't help
- files not associated with your local username
 - security barriers outside of local context
- security issues with world-writability
 - (versus okay world-readability for input)

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Output for HTC and OSG



| amount | method of delivery |
|---------------------------------|--|
| words | within executable or arguments? |
| tiny – 1GB, total | HTCondor file transfer |
| 1GB - 20GB, unique or shared | Stash |
| 20GB+, total | shared file system (local copy, local execute servers) |



Output for HTC and OSG



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| 20GB+, total | shared file system (local copy, local execute servers) | | |

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Writing to Stash

In the submit file:

- Require StashCashe sites in the submit file
 +WantsStashCache
- Require sites with OASIS modules (for stashcp)
 Requirements = <OTHER REQUIREMENTS> && (HAS MODULES =?= true)

In the job (wrapper script):

Use `stashcp` within the job to transfer desired output
 stashcp output.dat stash://osgconnect/public/username/



Other Considerations

- Only use these options if you MUST!!
 - Each comes with limitations on site accessibility and/or job performance, and extra data management concerns

| file size | method of delivery | | | |
|---------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
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Cleaning Up Old Data

For Stash AND web proxies:

make sure to delete data when you no longer need it in the origin!!!

- Stash and VO-managed web proxy servers do NOT have unlimited space!
 - Some may regularly clean old data for you. Check with local support.



Handling Data on OSG

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(Local) Shared Filesystems

- data stored on file servers, but network-mounted to local submit and execute servers
- Available on some submit servers
 - CHTC √ Yes
 - OSG Connect X No

More details at the end of this presentation...



Filesystem Quotas

| System | Location | Quota | Transfer Mechanism | |
|-------------|----------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| CHTC | /home | 20 GB | HTCondor file transfer | |
| | /staging | 20 GB 20 files total | Accessed directly from within job | |
| OSG Connect | /home | 50 GB | HTCondor file transfer | |
| | /public | 500 GB | Web Proxy, stashcp | |

Tips:

- Choose data location and transfer carefully based on the size and type of the data
- Remove unnecessary files
- Configure workflow to discard unneeded intermediate files

To request increases contact:

- CHTC: chtc@cs.wisc.edu
- OSG Connect: <u>support@osgconnect.net</u>



Quick Reference

| Option | Input or Output? | File size limits | Placing files | In-job file movement | Accessibility? |
|------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|---|--|
| HTCondor file transfer | Both | 100 MB/file (in), 1 GB/file (out); 1 GB/tot (either) | via HTCondor submit node | via HTCondor submit file | anywhere HTCondor jobs can run |
| Web proxy | Shared input only | 1 GB/file | Service specific - OSGConnect in /public/user/ | HTTP download | anywhere, by anyone |
| Stash | Both | 20 GB/file | via OSG Connect submit server | via stashcp command (and module) | OSG-wide (most sites), by anyone |
| Shared filesystem | Input, likely output | TBs (may vary) | via mount location (may vary) | use directly, or copy into/out of execute dir | local cluster, only by YOU (usually) |



Required Exercises

- 1.1 Understanding a job's data needs
- 1.2 Using data compression with HTCondor file transfer
- 1.3 Splitting input (prep for large run in 2.1)
- 2.1 Using a web proxy for shared input
 - place the blast database on the web proxy
- 2.2 Stash for shared input
 - place the blast database in Stash
- 2.3 Stash for unique input
 - convert movie files



Bonus Exercises

- 3.1 Shared Filesystem for Large Input
- 3.2 Shared Filesystem for Large Output



Additional Slides

Shared Filesystem Details



(Local) Shared Filesystems

- data stored on file servers, but network-mounted to local submit and execute servers
- use local user accounts for file permissions
 - Jobs run as YOU!
 - readable (input) and writable (output, most of the time)
- MOST perform better with fewer large files (versus many small files of typical HTC)



Shared FS Technologies

- via network mount
 - NFS
 - AFS
 - Lustre
 - /staging (may use NFS mount)
 - Isilon (may use NSF mount)
- distributed file systems (data on many exec servers)
 - HDFS (Hadoop)
 - CEPH



Shared FS Configurations

- 1. Submit directories WITHIN the shared filesystem
 - most campus clusters
 - limits HTC capabilities!!
- 2. Shared filesystem separate from local submission directories
 - supplement local HTC systems
 - treated more as a repository for VERY large data (>GBs)
- 3. Read-only (input-only) shared filesystem
 - Treated as a repository for VERY large input, only



Submit dir within shared FS

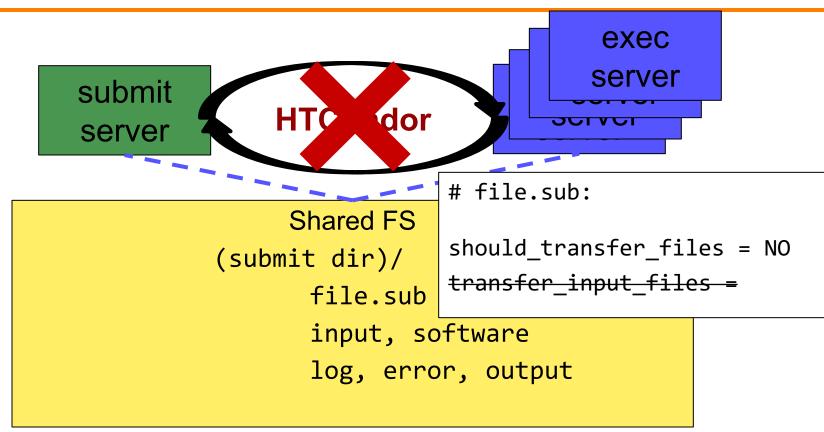


```
Shared FS
(submit dir)/
file.sub
input, software
log, error, output
```

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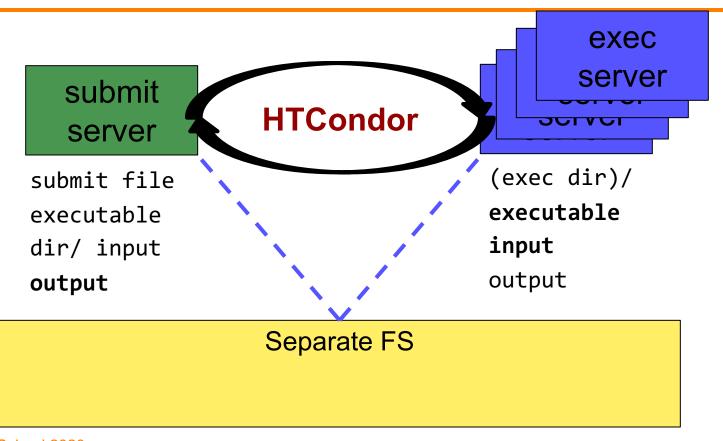


Submit dir within shared FS



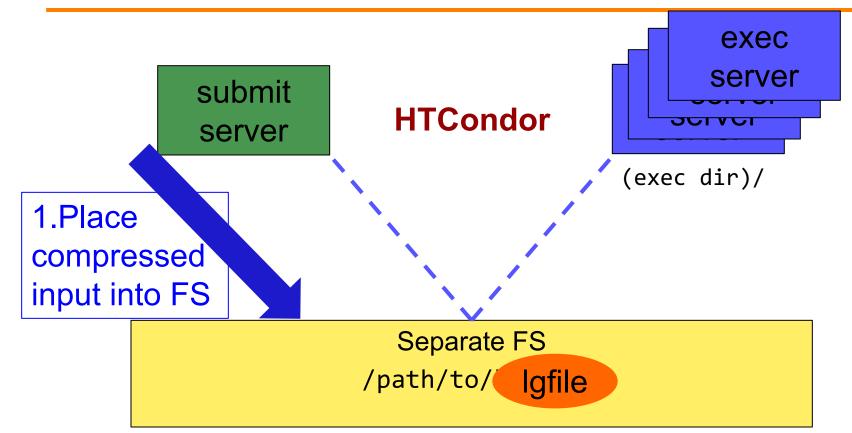


Separate shared FS



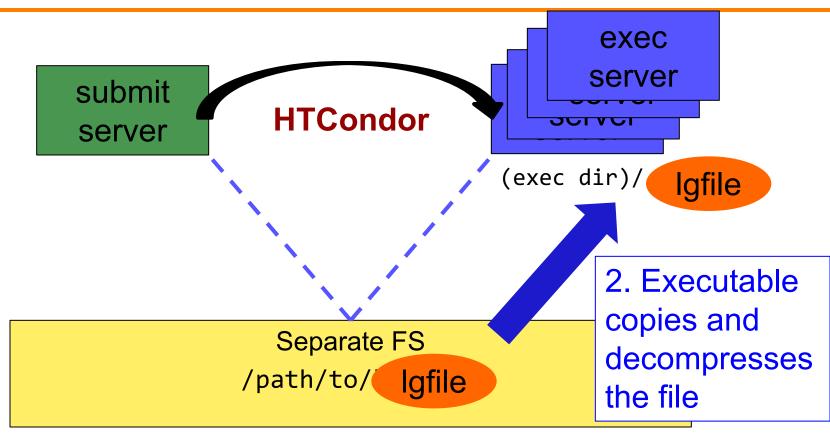


Separate shared FS - Input



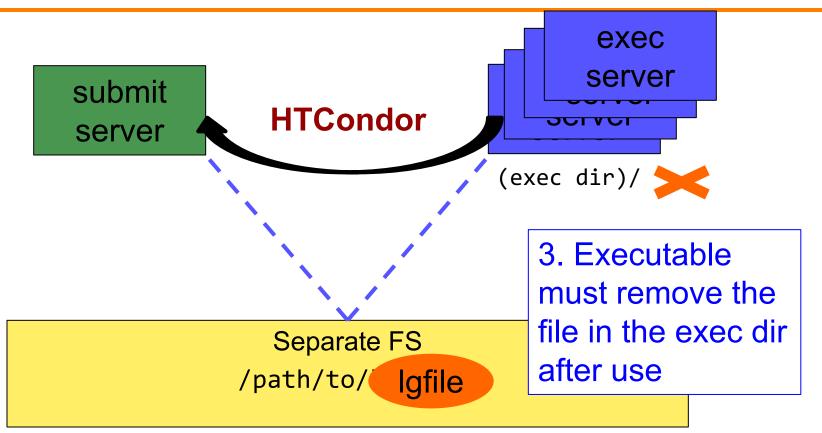


Separate shared FS - Input



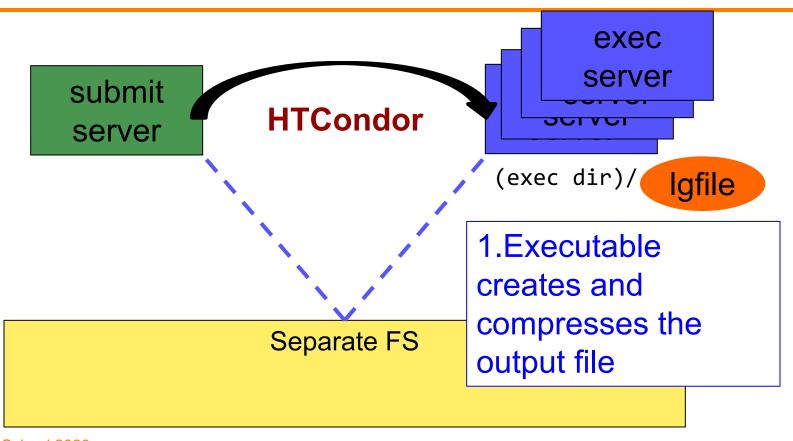


Separate shared FS - Input



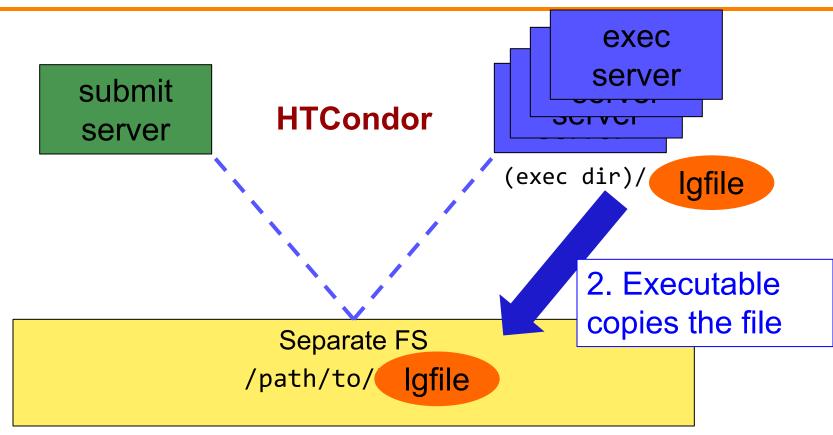


Separate shared FS - Output



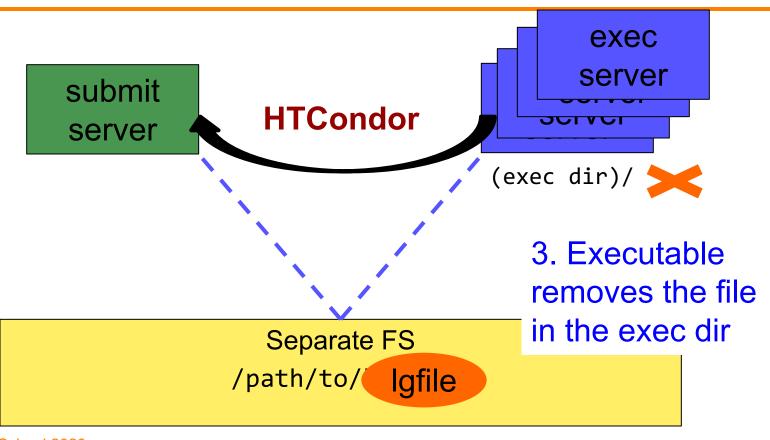


Separate shared FS - Output





Separate shared FS - Output





At UW-Madison (Ex. 3.1-3.2)

